January 6th, 2018 Mock (Practice) AMC <u>10</u> Welcome! $2018 = (10 + 987) \times (6 - 5) + 4 \times 3) \times 2 \times 1$ $2018 = 10 \times 9 + 8 \times 7 - 6 + 5^4 \times 3 + 2 + 1$



 $2016 = 2^{5} \cdot 3^{2} \cdot 7^{1}$ 2017 = prime number $2018 = 2 \cdot 1009$ $2019 = 3 \cdot 673$ $2020 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 101$

2027 = prime

2017 is a prime number. The next prime number after 2017 is 2027.

2018 is the sum of two squares 2018 = $43^2 + 13^2$

1009 is the sum of two squares $1009 = 15^2 + 28^2$

Daniel Plotnick

- 1. Given that A2018B is a 6 digit number divisible by 36. What is the largest such number?
- a) 320184 b) 720180 c) 820188 d) 910188 e) 920188
- 2. Given that a, b, and c are positive even integers which satisfy the equation a + b + c = 2018. How many solutions does the equation have?
- a) 403200 b) 507528 c) 508536 d) 510549 e) 2035153
- 3. Given a sequence such that $A_0 = 2$, $A_1 = -1$ and $A_{n+1} = 2A_n A_{n-1}$, where $n \ge 1$, determine the value of A_{2018} .
- a) 6049 b) --6049 c) 0 d) 6052 e) -6052
- 4. Given that a, b, c, and d are positive integers and ac+bc+ad+bd = 2018. Find the value of a+b+c+d.
- a) 509 b) 1009 c) 1011 d) 2018 e) 2019
- 5. Suppose for real numbers $x_1, x_2, \dots x_{2018}$ the following equation holds:

$$\sqrt{x_1 - 1} + \sqrt{x_2 - 1} + \dots + \sqrt{x_{2018} - 1} = \frac{1}{2}(x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_{2018})$$

Find the value of $x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_{2018}$.

- a) 2018 b) $1009\sqrt{5}$ c) $2018\sqrt{2}$ d) 3027 e) 4036
- 6. Given that a, b, and c are positive integers, and a + b = 2018, c a = 2017, and a < b. Find the greatest possible value of a + b + c.
- a) 4036 b) 5043 c) 5044 d) 5045 e) 6052
- 7. Find the value of the units digit of $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 20182018^2$.
 - a) 1 b) 4 c) 5 d) 8 e) 9
- 8. Let p and q be the roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 14x + 1 = 0$

Find the value of $\frac{p^2}{q^2+1} + \frac{q^2}{p^2+1}$

a) 193 b) 195 c)
$$165\sqrt{3}$$
 d) $\frac{193\sqrt{3}}{2}$ e) 197

9. Let a_n and b_n be the x-intercepts of the quadratic equation

 $y = n(n-1)x^2 - (2n-1)x + 1$

where n is an integer greater than 1. Find the value of

 $a_2b_2 + a_3b_3 + \ldots + a_{2018}b_{2018}$

a)
$$\frac{2017}{2018}$$
 b) $\frac{2018}{2019}$ c) $\frac{2018}{2017}$ d) $\frac{2019}{2018}$ e) 1

10. Find the value of $\frac{1^4 + 2017^4 + 2018^4}{1^2 + 2017^2 + 2018^2}$

a) $2018^2 + 2018$ b) $2018^2 + 2017$ c) $2017^2 + 2017$ d) $2017^2 + 2018$ e) none of these

11. We will call a number good if the binary representation of a positive integer has the following properties:

1) The number of digits is 11. 2) The number of 1s is 7 and number of 0s is 4. For example, 2018 is a "good" number. 2018 = 11111100010 Find the sum of all "good" numbers.

a) 214936 b) 322455 c) 386946 d) 429876 e) 506716

12. Let A, B, and C be three digits. The number formed by these digits has the following properties:

i) ACB is divisible by 3 ii) BAC is divisible by 4

iii) BCA is divisible by 5 iv) CBA has an odd number of factors Find the 3-digit number ABC.

a) 625 b) 582 c) 526 d) 522 e) 255

13. How many pairs of distinct integers between 1 and 2018 inclusive have their product as multiples of 5?

a) 650845 b) 731848 c) 812851 d) 813254 e) 1140574

14. Given that x is a real number, find the least value of $\sqrt{2x(x+5)(x+6)(x+11)+2018}$

a) $22\sqrt{2}$ b) $24\sqrt{2}$ c) $26\sqrt{2}$ d) $28\sqrt{2}$ e) $30\sqrt{2}$

15. If x is real number, find the minimum value of the following function:

$$f(x) = |x - 1| + |x - 2| + \dots + |x - 2018|.$$

a) 1009^2 b) $\frac{2018^2}{2}$ c) $\frac{2018 \times 2019}{2}$ d) $\frac{2018 \times 2019}{4}$ e) $\frac{2018^2}{4} - 1$

16. In the figure at right, C lies on AE, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle CDE$ are equilateral triangles, F and G are the mid-points of BC and *DE* respectively. If the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 24 cm², the area of $\triangle CDE$ is 60 cm², and the area of $\triangle AFG$ is X cm², find the value of X.

a) 12 b) 15 c) $12\sqrt{3}$ d) $8\sqrt{3}$ e) $\frac{25}{2}$

17. In the figure at right, ABCD is a square of side length 2. Find the radius of the small circle at the center of the square.

a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$
 b) $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2}$ c) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}-3}{2}$ d) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}-2}{2}$ e) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}-1}{4}$

18. In the figure at right, ABCD is a rectangle. Points E and F lie on CD and AD respectively, such that AF = 8 cm and EC = 5 cm. Given that the area of the shaded region is 80 cm^2 . Let the area of the rectangle *ABCD* be $X \,\mathrm{cm}^2$, find the value of X.

a) 154 b) 160 c) 180 d) 192 e) 200

19. In the figure at right, ABC is a triangle satisfying $x \ge y \ge z$ and 4x = 7z. If the maximum value of x is m and the minimum value of x is n, find the value of m + n.

a) 146 b) 150 c) 154 d) 158 e) 162

20. In the figure at right BD and CE are the medians of the sides AC and *AB* of $\triangle ABC$ respectively, and $BD \perp CE$. Given that BD = 8, CE = 6, find the area of $\triangle ABC$.

a) 72 b) 60 c) 48 d) 32 e) 24



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21. In the figure at right, $\angle AOB = 15^{\circ}$. X, Y are points on OA, P, Q, R are points on OB such that OP = 3 and OR = 6. If s = PX + XQ + QY + YR, find the least value of s.

a)
$$\sqrt{12}$$
 b) 4 c) $3\sqrt{2}$ d) 5 e) $3\sqrt{3}$

22. In the figure at right, O is the center of the bigger semicircle with radius 10 cm, OB is the diameter of the smaller semicircle and C is the midpoint of arc OB and it lies on the segment OA. Let the area of the shaded region be Kcm₂, find the value of *K*.

b) 25 c) $\frac{25}{2}(\pi-1)$ d) $\frac{25}{2}(\pi-2)$ e) $\frac{25}{4}(2\pi-1)$ a) 8π

23. In the figure at right, ABCDEF is a regular hexagon and its area is $90\sqrt{3}$, find the length of GJ.

a)
$$4\sqrt{3}$$
 b) $4\sqrt{5}$ c) $6\sqrt{3}$ d) $6\sqrt{5}$ e) $9\sqrt{3}$

24. As shown in the figure at right, suppose $\angle EGB = 64^\circ$, What is $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D + \angle E + \angle F$?

a) 232 b) 236 e) 248 c) 240 d) 244

25. In the figure at right, X, Y and Z are points on BC, CA and AB of $\triangle ABC$ respectively such that $\angle AZY = \angle BZX, \ \angle BXZ = \angle CXY$ and $\angle CYX = \angle AYZ$. If AB = 10, BC = 6 and CA = 9, find the length of AZ.

a)
$$\frac{25}{4}$$
 b) $\frac{26}{4}$ c) $\frac{27}{4}$ d) 7 e) $\frac{29}{4}$







